

N,N'-Diphenylthiourea acetone monosolvate

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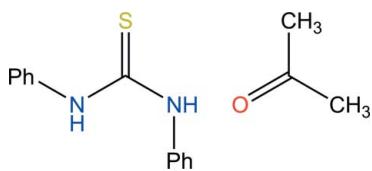
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 150\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.039; wR factor = 0.092; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.0.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{S}\cdot\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{O}$, the phenyl rings of the thiourea molecule are in *syn* and *anti* positions in relation to the $\text{C}=\text{S}$ bond. Two molecules are connected by $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}=\text{C}$ hydrogen bonds into a centrosymmetric dimer. An additional $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}=\text{C}$ hydrogen bond to the acetone solvent molecule and some weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions reinforce the crystal structure.

Related literature

For the unsolvated *N,N'*-diphenylthiourea stereoisomers, see: Ramnathan *et al.* (1995); Peseke *et al.* (1999). For the *syn-syn*-*N,N'*-diphenylthiourea-dicyclohexyl-18-crown-6 co-crystal, see: Fonari *et al.* (2005). For related structures, see: Bowmaker *et al.* (2009); Okuniewski *et al.* (2010); Shen & Xu (2004).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{S}\cdot\text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{O}$

$M_r = 286.38$

Orthorhombic, $Pbca$

$a = 17.1797(6)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 10.0736(4)\text{ \AA}$

$c = 17.4700(7)\text{ \AA}$

$V = 3023.4(2)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.21\text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 150\text{ K}$

$0.46 \times 0.41 \times 0.27\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Sapphire2 diffractometer

Absorption correction: analytical (*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.777$, $T_{\max} = 0.819$

7549 measured reflections

3245 independent reflections

2278 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$

$wR(F^2) = 0.092$

$S = 0.94$

3245 reflections

191 parameters

2 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.32\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.21\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$Cg1$ and $Cg2$ are the centroids of the C11–C16 and C21–C26 rings, respectively.

| $D-\text{H}\cdots A$ | $D-\text{H}$ | $\text{H}\cdots A$ | $D\cdots A$ | $D-\text{H}\cdots A$ |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| N1–H1 \cdots S1 ⁱ | 0.87 (1) | 2.48 (1) | 3.3240 (13) | 165 (1) |
| N2–H2 \cdots O1 | 0.87 (1) | 2.09 (1) | 2.8993 (18) | 154 (2) |
| C2–H2A \cdots Cg1 | 0.98 | 3.02 | 3.931 (2) | 155 |
| C2–H2C \cdots Cg2 ⁱⁱ | 0.98 | 2.80 | 3.607 (2) | 140 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG5077).

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supporting information

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S1. Comment

N,N'-Diphenylthiourea (thiocarbanilide), S=C(NHPh)₂, is commonly used as rubber vulcanization accelerator and as a stabilizer for PVC and PVDC. X-ray structures of its two possible stereoisomers have been already determined. The first is *syn-syn* isomer (Ramnathan *et al.*, 1995), where only weak **R**₂¹(6) bifurcative N—H···S hydrogen bonds are present. The second – *syn-anti* isomer (Peseke *et al.*, 1999) – is more stable because of dimer formation. Two N—H···S hydrogen bonds form **R**₂²(8) centrosymmetric structural motif. There are also some π···π and N—H···π interactions.

CSD 5.32 contains data on 15 structures of *N,N'*-diphenylthiourea and its complexes. *Syn-anti* isomer is more common (12 cases). *Syn-syn* isomer is present in the single-component crystal (Ramnathan *et al.*, 1995), as a cocrystal with di-cyclohexyl-18-crown-6 (Fonari *et al.*, 2005) and as a copper(I) complex (Bowmaker *et al.*, 2009).

When *N,N'*-diphenylthiourea cocrystallizes with acetone in *Pbca* space group the centrosymmetric dimer is also formed as it is common among compounds containing S=CR¹—NR²—H group. There is at least 109 such structures deposited in CSD. This motif is particularly common among *N*-acyl-*N'*-arylhureas and thioureas (Okuniewski *et al.*, 2010). When monosubstituted *N*-phenylthiourea is considered, chains of molecules can be found (Shen & Xu, 2004). In the title compound an additional N—H···O=C hydrogen bond to acetone is formed stabilizing the structure. Crystals are well formed and grow up to several millimeters in just one day.

There is no π···π stacking in this structure, but some weak C—H···π interactions can be found (see Tab. 1).

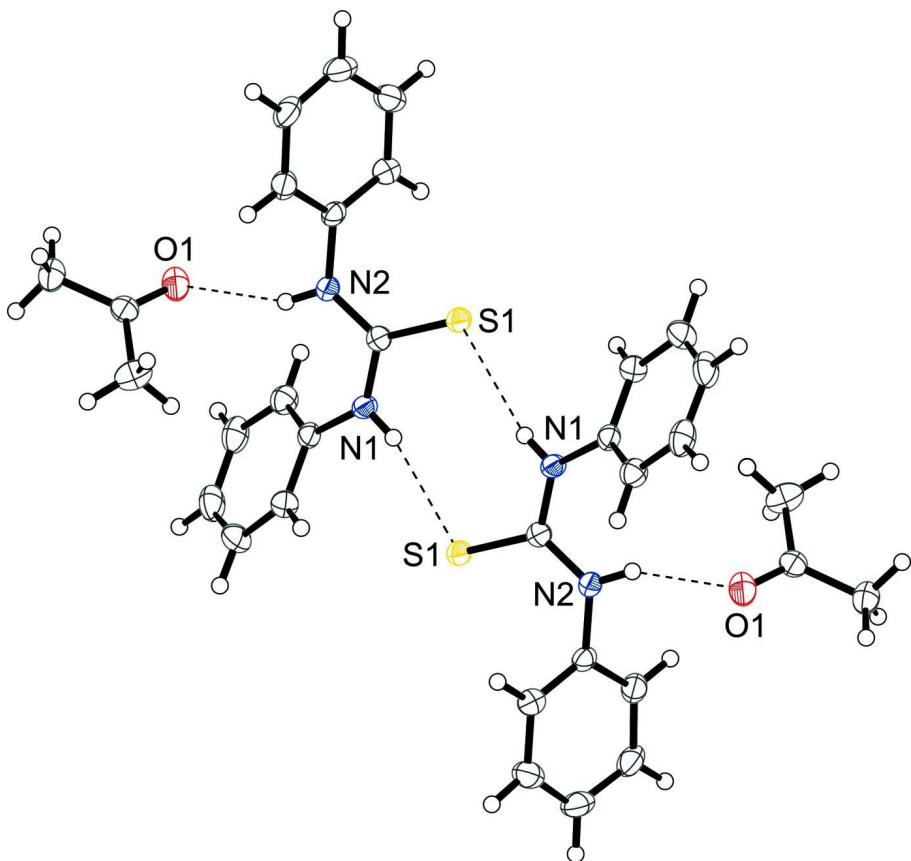
Melting point, 154°C, is the same as that for pure *N,N'*-diphenylthiourea. This is because crystals very quickly loose acetone molecules before melting (even at room temperature) and became colourless powder of pure thiourea derivative.

S2. Experimental

1.82 g (8 mmol) of commercially available *N,N'*-diphenylthiourea was added to 25 ml of acetone and gently heated while stirring. After 5 min nearly full dissolution was observed. The mixture was allowed to cool and then was filtered. The filtrate was left for crystallization at room temperature. After one day well formed, colourless shiny crystals were collected. Yield – 1.86 g (81%).

S3. Refinement

Hydrogen atoms were placed at calculated positions ($d_{\text{CH}} = 0.95\text{--}0.98 \text{ \AA}$) and were treated as riding on their parent atoms, with $U(\text{H})$ set to 1.2–1.5 times $U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. The N—H distances were restrained to 0.88 (1) Å.

**Figure 1**Structure of $[\text{SC}(\text{NHPH})_2 \cdot \text{OC}(\text{CH}_3)_2]_2$ dimer.***N,N'*-Diphenylthiourea acetone monosolvate****Crystal data** $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{S} \cdot \text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{O}$ $M_r = 286.38$ Orthorhombic, $Pbca$

Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab

 $a = 17.1797(6)$ Å $b = 10.0736(4)$ Å $c = 17.4700(7)$ Å $V = 3023.4(2)$ Å³ $Z = 8$ $F(000) = 1216$ $D_x = 1.258$ Mg m⁻³

Melting point: 154(1) K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 3367 reflections

 $\theta = 2.3\text{--}28.7^\circ$ $\mu = 0.21$ mm⁻¹ $T = 150$ K

Prism, clear colourless

0.46 × 0.41 × 0.27 mm

Data collectionOxford Diffraction Xcalibur Sapphire2
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 8.1883 pixels mm⁻¹ ω scansAbsorption correction: analytical
(*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.777$, $T_{\max} = 0.819$

7549 measured reflections

3245 independent reflections

2278 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$ $\theta_{\max} = 27^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.6^\circ$ $h = -9 \rightarrow 21$ $k = -7 \rightarrow 12$ $l = -22 \rightarrow 17$

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$ $wR(F^2) = 0.092$ $S = 0.94$

3245 reflections

191 parameters

2 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.054P)^2]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.32 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

The phenyl rings centroids: $Cg1$ is the centroid of ring {C11,...,C16}: 0.22445 (4), 0.73429 (8), 0.46519 (4); $Cg2$ is the centroid of ring {C21,...,C26}: 0.06414 (4), 0.39968 (8), 0.17172 (4). Distance calculations were done using *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

| | x | y | z | $U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$ |
|-----|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| S1 | 1.00623 (2) | 0.60332 (4) | 0.60875 (2) | 0.02588 (12) |
| N1 | 0.90820 (7) | 0.42124 (13) | 0.56131 (7) | 0.0227 (3) |
| H1 | 0.9367 (8) | 0.4256 (17) | 0.5206 (7) | 0.033 (5)* |
| N2 | 0.89857 (8) | 0.47225 (14) | 0.68979 (7) | 0.0245 (3) |
| H2 | 0.8677 (9) | 0.4042 (13) | 0.6956 (10) | 0.040 (5)* |
| C1 | 0.93269 (8) | 0.49352 (16) | 0.62170 (8) | 0.0219 (3) |
| C11 | 0.84080 (9) | 0.34076 (16) | 0.55234 (8) | 0.0238 (3) |
| C12 | 0.84703 (10) | 0.23117 (18) | 0.50489 (8) | 0.0292 (4) |
| H12 | 0.8963 | 0.207 | 0.4846 | 0.035* |
| C13 | 0.78192 (11) | 0.1567 (2) | 0.48687 (10) | 0.0389 (5) |
| H13 | 0.7864 | 0.0819 | 0.454 | 0.047* |
| C14 | 0.71028 (11) | 0.1916 (2) | 0.51682 (10) | 0.0406 (5) |
| H14 | 0.6653 | 0.1414 | 0.5042 | 0.049* |
| C15 | 0.70426 (9) | 0.2990 (2) | 0.56486 (10) | 0.0358 (4) |
| H15 | 0.655 | 0.3215 | 0.586 | 0.043* |
| C16 | 0.76902 (9) | 0.37509 (18) | 0.58304 (9) | 0.0291 (4) |
| H16 | 0.7643 | 0.4496 | 0.616 | 0.035* |
| C21 | 0.91899 (8) | 0.53867 (17) | 0.75969 (8) | 0.0238 (4) |
| C22 | 0.91081 (9) | 0.67464 (17) | 0.76642 (9) | 0.0285 (4) |
| H22 | 0.8934 | 0.7256 | 0.724 | 0.034* |
| C23 | 0.92812 (10) | 0.73653 (19) | 0.83536 (10) | 0.0350 (4) |
| H23 | 0.9229 | 0.8301 | 0.84 | 0.042* |

| | | | | |
|-----|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| C24 | 0.95281 (10) | 0.6625 (2) | 0.89701 (9) | 0.0376 (5) |
| H24 | 0.9645 | 0.7048 | 0.9442 | 0.045* |
| C25 | 0.96061 (11) | 0.5259 (2) | 0.88998 (9) | 0.0371 (5) |
| H25 | 0.9775 | 0.4749 | 0.9326 | 0.045* |
| C26 | 0.94387 (9) | 0.46364 (19) | 0.82118 (8) | 0.0305 (4) |
| H26 | 0.9495 | 0.3702 | 0.8164 | 0.037* |
| O1 | 0.79841 (7) | 0.27541 (12) | 0.76020 (7) | 0.0398 (3) |
| C1A | 0.80931 (9) | 0.15731 (18) | 0.76927 (9) | 0.0273 (4) |
| C2 | 0.85919 (11) | 0.0803 (2) | 0.71495 (9) | 0.0404 (5) |
| H2A | 0.8556 | 0.1196 | 0.6638 | 0.061* |
| H2B | 0.8413 | -0.012 | 0.7131 | 0.061* |
| H2C | 0.9134 | 0.0829 | 0.7324 | 0.061* |
| C3 | 0.77585 (10) | 0.08360 (18) | 0.83558 (9) | 0.0328 (4) |
| H3A | 0.7408 | 0.1422 | 0.8642 | 0.049* |
| H3B | 0.818 | 0.0538 | 0.8692 | 0.049* |
| H3C | 0.7467 | 0.0064 | 0.8169 | 0.049* |

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

| | U^{11} | U^{22} | U^{33} | U^{12} | U^{13} | U^{23} |
|-----|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| S1 | 0.0267 (2) | 0.0296 (2) | 0.0214 (2) | -0.00829 (19) | 0.00224 (15) | -0.00198 (18) |
| N1 | 0.0218 (6) | 0.0268 (8) | 0.0194 (6) | -0.0039 (6) | 0.0019 (5) | -0.0024 (6) |
| N2 | 0.0279 (7) | 0.0255 (8) | 0.0200 (6) | -0.0065 (6) | 0.0023 (5) | 0.0005 (6) |
| C1 | 0.0222 (7) | 0.0213 (8) | 0.0222 (7) | 0.0028 (7) | -0.0004 (6) | 0.0007 (7) |
| C11 | 0.0266 (8) | 0.0249 (9) | 0.0199 (7) | -0.0051 (7) | -0.0018 (6) | 0.0039 (7) |
| C12 | 0.0336 (8) | 0.0284 (10) | 0.0257 (8) | -0.0036 (8) | -0.0011 (7) | -0.0001 (8) |
| C13 | 0.0503 (11) | 0.0336 (11) | 0.0329 (9) | -0.0142 (9) | -0.0068 (8) | -0.0030 (9) |
| C14 | 0.0400 (10) | 0.0423 (12) | 0.0394 (10) | -0.0205 (10) | -0.0102 (8) | 0.0107 (10) |
| C15 | 0.0253 (8) | 0.0433 (12) | 0.0388 (10) | -0.0074 (8) | 0.0000 (7) | 0.0113 (9) |
| C16 | 0.0268 (8) | 0.0315 (10) | 0.0289 (8) | -0.0016 (8) | 0.0002 (6) | 0.0014 (8) |
| C21 | 0.0215 (7) | 0.0304 (9) | 0.0196 (7) | -0.0055 (7) | 0.0036 (6) | -0.0007 (7) |
| C22 | 0.0311 (9) | 0.0295 (10) | 0.0250 (8) | 0.0003 (8) | 0.0013 (6) | -0.0004 (8) |
| C23 | 0.0344 (9) | 0.0341 (10) | 0.0364 (9) | -0.0039 (8) | 0.0050 (7) | -0.0106 (8) |
| C24 | 0.0355 (10) | 0.0542 (13) | 0.0230 (8) | -0.0118 (10) | 0.0016 (7) | -0.0090 (9) |
| C25 | 0.0400 (10) | 0.0494 (12) | 0.0219 (8) | -0.0137 (10) | -0.0030 (7) | 0.0092 (9) |
| C26 | 0.0330 (9) | 0.0323 (10) | 0.0264 (8) | -0.0075 (8) | -0.0011 (7) | 0.0044 (8) |
| O1 | 0.0481 (8) | 0.0297 (7) | 0.0416 (7) | -0.0060 (6) | 0.0094 (6) | 0.0028 (6) |
| C1A | 0.0249 (8) | 0.0307 (10) | 0.0263 (8) | -0.0053 (8) | -0.0050 (6) | -0.0019 (8) |
| C2 | 0.0403 (10) | 0.0517 (13) | 0.0292 (9) | 0.0064 (10) | -0.0015 (7) | -0.0017 (9) |
| C3 | 0.0304 (9) | 0.0352 (11) | 0.0329 (9) | -0.0052 (8) | -0.0004 (7) | 0.0065 (8) |

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

| | | | |
|--------|-------------|---------|-----------|
| S1—C1 | 1.6943 (16) | C21—C22 | 1.382 (2) |
| N1—C1 | 1.3492 (18) | C22—C23 | 1.388 (2) |
| N1—C11 | 1.4221 (19) | C22—H22 | 0.95 |
| N1—H1 | 0.865 (9) | C23—C24 | 1.377 (3) |
| N2—C1 | 1.3433 (18) | C23—H23 | 0.95 |

| | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| N2—C21 | 1.4359 (19) | C24—C25 | 1.387 (3) |
| N2—H2 | 0.873 (9) | C24—H24 | 0.95 |
| C11—C12 | 1.385 (2) | C25—C26 | 1.386 (2) |
| C11—C16 | 1.389 (2) | C25—H25 | 0.95 |
| C12—C13 | 1.383 (2) | C26—H26 | 0.95 |
| C12—H12 | 0.95 | O1—C1A | 1.215 (2) |
| C13—C14 | 1.383 (3) | C1A—C3 | 1.491 (2) |
| C13—H13 | 0.95 | C1A—C2 | 1.495 (2) |
| C14—C15 | 1.373 (3) | C2—H2A | 0.98 |
| C14—H14 | 0.95 | C2—H2B | 0.98 |
| C15—C16 | 1.388 (2) | C2—H2C | 0.98 |
| C15—H15 | 0.95 | C3—H3A | 0.98 |
| C16—H16 | 0.95 | C3—H3B | 0.98 |
| C21—C26 | 1.381 (2) | C3—H3C | 0.98 |
| | | | |
| C1—N1—C11 | 130.37 (13) | C21—C22—C23 | 119.81 (16) |
| C1—N1—H1 | 116.0 (11) | C21—C22—H22 | 120.1 |
| C11—N1—H1 | 113.6 (11) | C23—C22—H22 | 120.1 |
| C1—N2—C21 | 124.89 (14) | C24—C23—C22 | 120.07 (18) |
| C1—N2—H2 | 119.5 (12) | C24—C23—H23 | 120 |
| C21—N2—H2 | 114.6 (11) | C22—C23—H23 | 120 |
| N2—C1—N1 | 118.05 (14) | C23—C24—C25 | 119.85 (16) |
| N2—C1—S1 | 123.22 (11) | C23—C24—H24 | 120.1 |
| N1—C1—S1 | 118.71 (11) | C25—C24—H24 | 120.1 |
| C12—C11—C16 | 119.89 (15) | C26—C25—C24 | 120.37 (17) |
| C12—C11—N1 | 117.23 (14) | C26—C25—H25 | 119.8 |
| C16—C11—N1 | 122.59 (15) | C24—C25—H25 | 119.8 |
| C13—C12—C11 | 120.40 (16) | C21—C26—C25 | 119.40 (17) |
| C13—C12—H12 | 119.8 | C21—C26—H26 | 120.3 |
| C11—C12—H12 | 119.8 | C25—C26—H26 | 120.3 |
| C14—C13—C12 | 119.74 (18) | O1—C1A—C3 | 121.98 (16) |
| C14—C13—H13 | 120.1 | O1—C1A—C2 | 120.89 (16) |
| C12—C13—H13 | 120.1 | C3—C1A—C2 | 117.11 (16) |
| C15—C14—C13 | 119.91 (17) | C1A—C2—H2A | 109.5 |
| C15—C14—H14 | 120 | C1A—C2—H2B | 109.5 |
| C13—C14—H14 | 120 | H2A—C2—H2B | 109.5 |
| C14—C15—C16 | 120.98 (16) | C1A—C2—H2C | 109.5 |
| C14—C15—H15 | 119.5 | H2A—C2—H2C | 109.5 |
| C16—C15—H15 | 119.5 | H2B—C2—H2C | 109.5 |
| C15—C16—C11 | 119.07 (17) | C1A—C3—H3A | 109.5 |
| C15—C16—H16 | 120.5 | C1A—C3—H3B | 109.5 |
| C11—C16—H16 | 120.5 | H3A—C3—H3B | 109.5 |
| C26—C21—C22 | 120.50 (15) | C1A—C3—H3C | 109.5 |
| C26—C21—N2 | 118.82 (15) | H3A—C3—H3C | 109.5 |
| C22—C21—N2 | 120.62 (14) | H3B—C3—H3C | 109.5 |

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C11–C16 and C21–C26 rings, respectively.

| $D\text{—H}\cdots A$ | $D\text{—H}$ | $H\cdots A$ | $D\cdots A$ | $D\text{—H}\cdots A$ |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------|
| N1—H1 \cdots S1 ⁱ | 0.87 (1) | 2.48 (1) | 3.3240 (13) | 165 (1) |
| N2—H2 \cdots O1 | 0.87 (1) | 2.09 (1) | 2.8993 (18) | 154 (2) |
| C2—H2A \cdots Cg1 | 0.98 | 3.02 | 3.931 (2) | 155 |
| C2—H2C \cdots Cg2 ⁱⁱ | 0.98 | 2.80 | 3.607 (2) | 140 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+2, y-1/2, -z+3/2$.