## HYDROACOUSTIC ACTIVITY OF THE SHIP PROPELLER OPERATION

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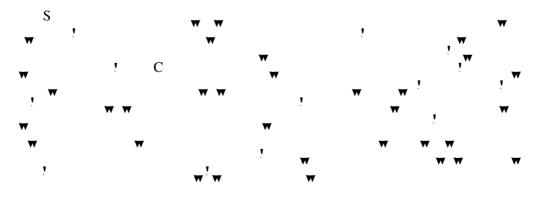
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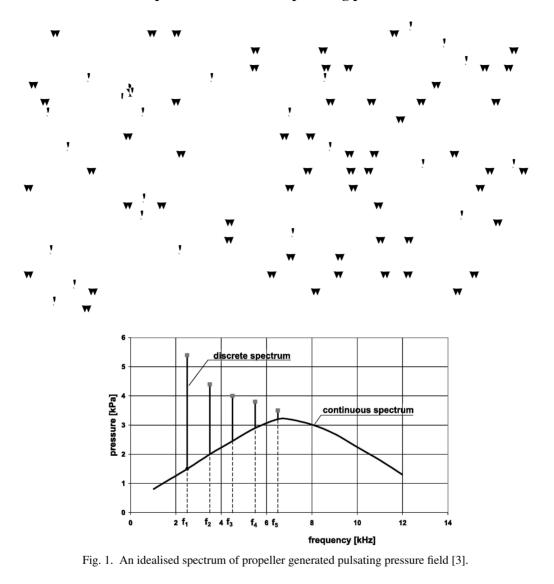
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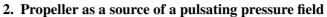
The paper presents ship propellers as the source of a variable pressure field in water. The frequency spectrum of this field covers the entire audible range and beyond this range. This pressure field is generated by several physical mechanisms: the rotating hydrodynamic loading of the blades, the displacement effect of the rotating blades, the boundary layer effect, and, first of all, various forms of cavitation. The relative importance of these mechanisms is analysed and the methods of the theoretical prediction of the propeller generated variable pressure field are briefly presented. The results of the prediction are compared with experimental data.

Key words: ship propellers, cavitation, hydroacoustics.

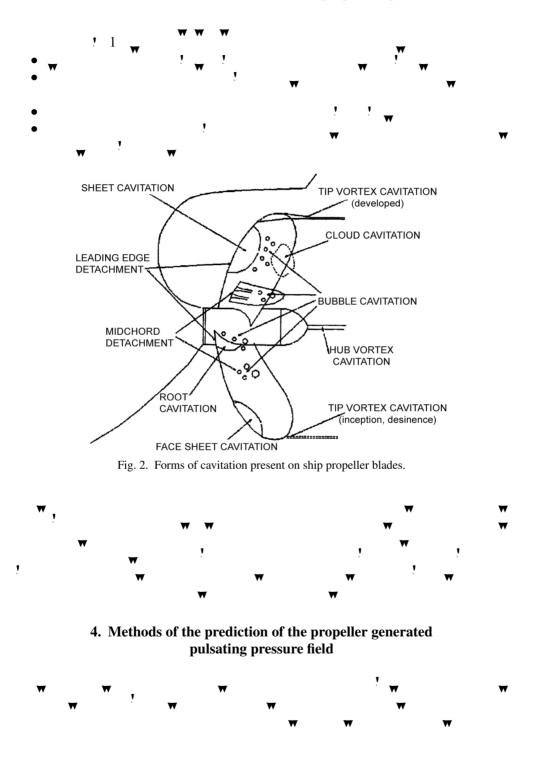


1. Introduction











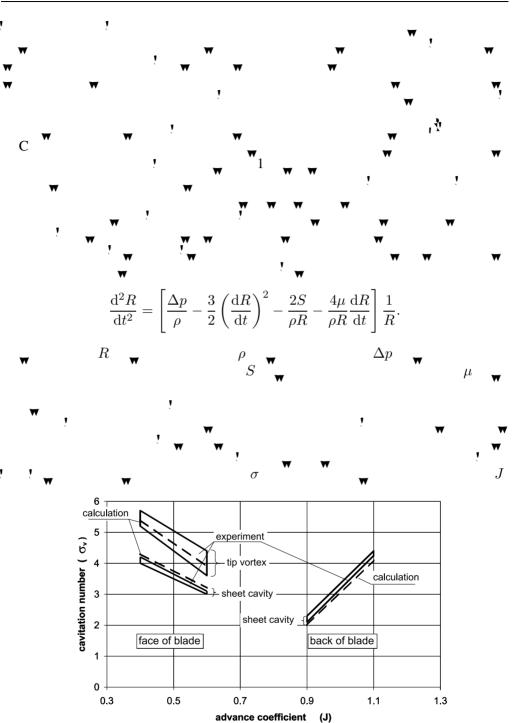


Fig. 3. Comparison of calculated and experimentally observed cavitation inception on a ship propeller model.

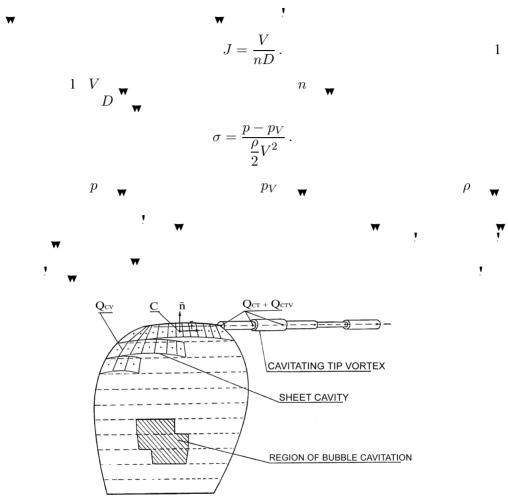
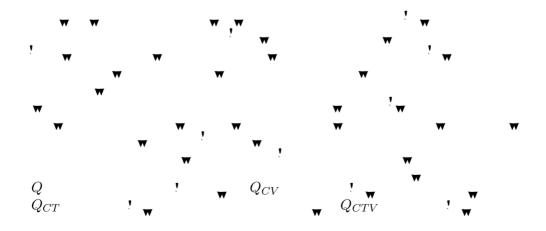


Fig. 4. Model of the cavitation phenomena on a propeller blade.



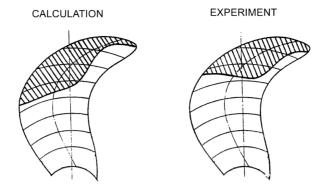


Fig. 5. Comparison of computed and experimentally observed sheet cavitation on a propeller blade.

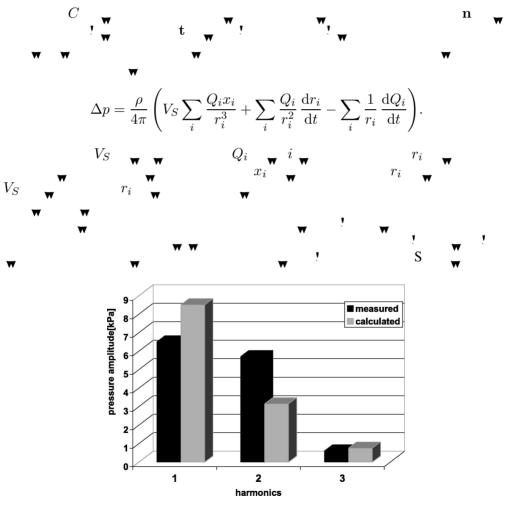
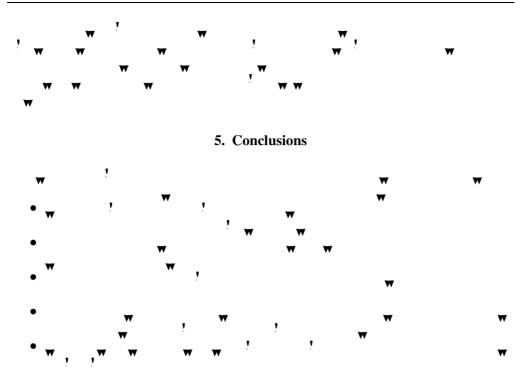


Fig. 6. Comparison of computed and experimentally measured harmonic amplitudes of the pulsating pressure field generated by the cavitating propeller.



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